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| **PB1/HIQP/1223/A 05-DEC-2023** | | | |
| **PREBOARD EXAMINATION – I (2023-24)** | | | |
| **SUBJECT: HISTORY** | | **MAX. MARKS: 80** | |
| **GRADE: XII** | | **TIME: 3Hrs** | |
| **Name:** | | **Roll No:** | |
| **General Instructions:**   1. **Question paper comprises five Sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 34 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.** 2. **Section A – Question 1 to 21 are MCQs of 1 mark each.** 3. **Section B – Question no. 22 to 27 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 60-80 words.** 4. **Section C - Question no 28 to 30 are Long Answer Type Questions, carrying 8 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 300-350 words** 5. **Section D – Question no.31 to 33 are Source based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each**   **6. Section-E - Question no. 34 is Map based, carrying 5 marks that includes the identification and location of significant test items. Attach the map with the answer book.**  **7. There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions have to be attempted.**  **8. In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever necessary.** | | | |
|  | **SECTION- A** | |  |
|  | **OBJECTIVE TYPE QUESTIONS** | | **1X21=21** |
| **1** | Put the following events in the correct chronological order  i) March from Sabarmati Ashram to the beach of Dandi  ii) The Lahore Session of the Congress  iii) Gandhi attends the Second Round Table Conference  iv) The Gandhi Irwin Pact  Select the code for the correct chronological order:  a) ii, iii, iv, i  b) i, iii, iv, ii  c) ii, i, iv, iii  d) i, ii. iv, iii | | **1** |
| **2** | Which of the following issues did not contribute to the spread of the revolt of 1857?  A. Issue of cartridges  B. Conversion of Indians to Christianity  C. Mixing of bone dust in flour  D. Friendly relations between the sepoys and the white officers in 1820. | | **1** |
| **3** | ‘Initially, Rajagaha was the capital of Magadh’.  Identify which is the correct reason for selecting Rajgaha initially as the capital of Magadha.   1. The name Rajagaha means “house of the king” 2. Rajagaha was a fortified settlement. 3. It commanded routes of communication along the Ganga. 4. It was located in the plains and was easy to access. | | **1** |
| **4.** | Colossal statues of Kushana rulers have been found installed in a shrine at Mat near Mathura (Uttar Pradesh) What does this statement indicate about Kushana notion regarding kingship?   1. The Kushana kings wanted the subjects to fear their ruler. 2. The Kushan kings thought that they were the agents of god. 3. The Kushan kings considered themselves god like. 4. The Kushan kings wanted to appear kind to the subjects. | | **1** |
| **5.** | According to the shastras who could only become kings?   1. Brahmins 2. Kshatriyas 3. Vaishyas 4. All of the above | | **1** |
| **6.** | Assertion (A): From c. 500 BCE norms were compiled in Sanskrit texts known as the Dharmasutras and Dharmashastras.  Reason (R): Brahmanas laid the codes of social behaviour for the society in general. Options: A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.  B. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.  C. A is true but R is false.  D. A is false but R is true | | **1** |
| **7.** | Which of the following options is the most probable explanation for the incorporation of the’ Shailabhanjika’ Motif in the Sanchi Stupa?  A. Mahaparinibbana  B. Strength & wisdom  C. Auspicious symbol  D. Religious idol | | **1** |
| **8.** | Consider the following statements regarding the Lotus Mahal.  1. One of the most beautiful buildings in the sacred Centre is the Lotus Mahal,  2. Its named by British travellers in the eighteenth century.  3.While the name is certainly romantic, historians are not quite sure what the building was used for.  4.It may have been a council chamber, a place where the king met his advisers.  Which statements are correct?  A. 1and 2  B. 2 and 3  C. 3 and 4 only  D. 2,3and 4 | | **1** |
| **9.** | Find out from the following pairs which one is NOT correctly matched:  A. Lord Wellesley: Subsidiary Alliance  B. Lord Dalhousie: Doctrine of Lapse  C. Lord Henry Hardinge: Introduced the Enfield rifles  D. Lord Canning: Religious Disabilities Act | | **1** |
| **10.** | Image based Question  Identify the given picture:    A. Depiction of the Pandavas.  B. Depiction of a mendicant seeking alms.  C. Depiction of a prince renouncing his kingdom.  D. Depiction of a villager offering water to a chandala. | | **1** |
| **11.** | Consider the following statements and select the correct from the following option:   1. François Bernier was closely associated with the Prince Dara Shukoh. 2. Bernier travelled to several parts of the country, and wrote accounts 3. He dedicated his major writing to the king of France and Aurangzeb.   Options :  A. II & III  B. II &III  C. I & II  D. I & III | | **1** |
| **12.** | Complete the following with the correct option  Kitab ul Hind : Al-Biruni , Rihla :………………. :  A. Ibn Hawqal  B. Ibn Jubayr  C. Ibn Qalaqis  D. Ibn Battuta | | **1** |
| **13.** | The written collection of letters by Sufi masters to their disciples and associates. Which of the following is related to the above given statement?  A. Tazkiras  B. Ziyarat  C. Maktubat  D. Malfuzat | | **1** |
| **14.** | Assertion (A): Zamindars regularly failed to pay the revenue demand and  unpaid balances accumulated.  Reason (R): The initial demands were very high.  Options:  A. Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.  B. Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.  C.A is true but R is false.  D.A is false but R is true | | **1** |
| **15.** | Which of the following statements related to Santhals is incorrect?  A. They lived on the peripheries of Rajmahal hills.  B. They cleared forests and ploughed the land.  C. They borrowed money from dikus.  D. They practiced shifting cultivation**.** | | **1** |
| **16.** | Which of the following statements regarding the roles played by women in agrarian society is incorrect?  (a) Women sowed, weeded, threshed, and winnowed the harvest.  (b) Women worked shoulder to shoulder with men in fields.  (c) During some days of the month women were not allowed to touch the plough.  (d) Women took the produce to the overseas markets for trade. | | **1** |
| **17.** | There are two statements given below, marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.  Assertion (A): Rich ryots and village headmen – jotedars and mandals – wanted the Zamindars to be in trouble.  Reason (R): The greater part of rural credit was supplied by the jotedars, not by the Zamindars who administered rural territory than owning land.  A. A is true but R is false.  B. A is false but R is true.  C. Both A and R are true and R explains A.  D. Both A and R are true but R does not explain A. | | **1** |
| **18.** | Consider the following statements.  1. Montesquieu used Bernier’s accounts to develop his idea of oriental despotism.  2. Bernier gave a detailed report on rural society.  3. According to Bernier, crown ownership of land was good for peasants.  4. Bernier considered Indian King was the king of beggars.  Which of the given statement is/are correct?  (a) 1, 2, 3, 4  (b) 1, 2, 3  (c) 1, 2, 4  (d) 2, 3, 4 | | **1** |
| **19.** | Which traveller called the ‘Mahanavami Dibba’ as the ‘House of Victory’?  (a) Duarte Barbosa  (b) Fernao Nuniz  (c) Domingo Paes  (d) Abdur Razzaq | | **1** |
| **20.** | Consider the following statements regarding the classification of lands under Akbar.  (i) Polaj is land which is annually cultivated for each crop in succession and is never allowed to lie fallow.  (ii) Chachar is land uncultivated  for five years and more.  (iii) Parauti is land left out of cultivation for a time that it may recover its strength.  Which of the following Statements is/are correct?  A. i and iii  B. ii and iii  C. i and ii  D. iii only | | **1** |
| **21.** | Consider the following statements regarding the Indian freedom struggle: Identify the statement which is incorrect.  A. Gandhi Ji withdrew from the non-cooperation movement due to the Chauri Chaura  incident.  B. Gandhi Ji gave his first public speech at BHU.  C. Mahatma Gandhi was arrested in March 1921  D. Nehru was the congress President at the Lahore session. | | **1** |
|  | **SECTION B**  **SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS** | | **3 x 6 =18** |
| **22.** | **‘**Epigraphy alone does not provide a full understanding of political and economic history. ’Justify the statement with its four limitations  **OR**  “Magadha was the most powerful Mahajanpada ‘. Examine the statement | | **3** |
| **23** | How did Al Biruni overcome the inherent problems and understood the Indian social and Brahmanical practices. Identify the sources that provided him the support. | | **3** |
| **24.** | ‘The rulers of Vijayanagara innovated and developed new traditions in the Virupaksha temple’, examine the statement. | | **3** |
| **25.** | What do you infer by Damin-i-Koh? How did it come into being, illustrate? | | **3** |
| **26.** | **Why was Permanent Settlement introduced by Lord Cornwallis in Bengal during the 18th century? Give reasons.** | | **3** |
| **27.** | ‘Rumours and prophecies played an important role in the Revolt of 1857.’ Explain the statement with example  **OR**  “Art and literature helped in keeping alive the memory of 1857.” Explain with examples from Indian perspective. | | **3** |
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|  | **SECTION C**  **LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS** | | **8x3=24** |
| **28.** | List the non-Kshatriya Kings and write about their policies that challenged the Brahmanical ideas of society.  OR  Describe the Social implications of access to Resources during Mahabharat period | | **8** |
| **29.** | How were the lives of the forest dwellers transformed in the 16th and 17th centuries  OR  Examine the ways in which panchayats and village headmen regulated Mughal rural society. | | **8** |
| **30.** | Describe the major events that took place after Quit India movement that ultimately resulted in India's partition.  OR  Explain the significance of Civil Disobedience Movement | | **8**  **8** |
|  | **SECTION D** | | **4x3=12** |
|  | **SOURCE BASED QUESTIONS** | |  |
| **31.** | **Read the following source carefully and answer the questions that follow:**  **Buddhism in practice**  This is an excerpt from the Sutta Pitaka, and contains the advice given by the Buddha to a wealthy householder. named Sigala: In five ways should a master look after his servants and employees … by assigning them work according to their strength, by supplying them with food and wages, by tending them in sickness; by sharing delicacies with them and by granting leave at times … In five ways should the clansmen look after the needs of samanas (those who have renounced the world) and Brahmanas: by affection in act and speech and mind, by keeping open house to them and supplying their worldly needs. There are similar instructions to Sigala about how to behave with his parents, teacher, and wife.  31.1 What advice was given by Buddha to Sigala regarding relationship between a master and his servants and employees?  31.2. List the instructions given by Buddha to the clansmen for Samanas and Brahmanas. 31.3. According to you what suggestions Buddha would have advocated regarding parents and teachers? | | **1**  **1**  **2** |
| **32.** | **Read the following source carefully and answer the questions that follow:**  **Love for the Lord**  This is part of a song attributed to Mirabai: I will build a funeral pyre of sandalwood and aloe;  Light it by your own hand When I am burned away to cinders;  Smear this ash upon your limbs. … let flame be lost in flame.  In another verse, she sings: What can Mewar’s ruler do to me?  If God is angry, all is lost, But what can the Rana do?  **32.1) Examine the reason of calling Meera Bai as an ascetic figure.**  **32.2) Analyze Meera Bai’s relation with Mewar.**  **32.3) How was Mirabai unique among the poet-saints of the Bhakti movement.** | | **1**  **1**  **2** |
| **33.** | **Deeds of hire**  When debts mounted the peasant was unable to pay back the loan to the moneylender. He had no option but to give over all his possessions – land, carts, and animals – to the moneylender. But without animals he could not continue to cultivate. So he took land on rent and animals on hire. He now had to pay for the animals which had originally belonged to him. He had to sign a deed of hire stating very clearly that these animals and carts did not belong to him. In cases of conflict, these deeds could be enforced through the court. The following is the text of a deed that a peasant signed in November 1873, from the records of the Deccan Riots Commission: I have sold to you, on account of the debt due to you, my two carriages having iron axles, with their appurtenances and four bullocks … I have taken from you on hire under (this) deed the very same two carriages and four bullocks. I shall pay every month the hire thereof at Rupees four a month, and obtain a receipt in your own handwriting. In the absence of a receipt I shall not contend that the hire had been paid  33.1. According to this deed how did the peasants repay back their loan?  33.2. What was the Limitation Law?  33.3. Why did the peasants begin to see the deeds and bonds as symbols of the new oppressive system? | | **1**  **1**  **2** |
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|  | **SECTION E**  **MAP BASED QUESTION** | | **5Marks** |
| **34.** | 34.1 On the given political map of India, locate and label the following with appropriate symbols:  I. Amravati – A Stupa  II. Nageshwar- Harappan Site  III. Cholas-important kingdom in south  OR  Bijapur- Capital of deccan sultanate.  34.2 On the same outline map, two places have been marked as ‘A and B, as the centres of the Revolt of 1857 Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them. | | **3**  **2** |
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34. NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ CLASS/SEC:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ ROLL NO:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

